

Economics & Society Singapore Management University School of Economics & O.C.C.

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Practice Set 6

Market Failure & Government Intervention

This set contains practice material for your own use. It is highly recommended to work on the problems on your own. Do not just read the provided solutions. Instead, try to solve the problems and use the solutions only when you are stuck. Reading problems that someone else has solved has the same value on your preparation like watching someone running a marathon on TV and then expecting to be able to run it, too! If you have questions on this set, please ask your section's teaching assistant.

- 1. Consider the monopoly illustrated in *Figure 1*. A regulator considers 4 alternative price ceilings: p_1 , p_2 , p_3 and p_4 .
 - (a) What would be the effect if price ceiling p_1 is imposed?
 - (b) Which price ceiling should the regulator impose in order to force the monopolist to produce at minimum average cost?
 - (c) Which price ceiling should the regulator impose in order to maximize the efficiency in this market?
 - (d) Can the regulator impose a price ceiling that will force the monopolist to produce the quantity that corresponds to point F of the figure?
 - (e) Is the monopoly in figure 1 a natural monopoly?
- 2. Consider the monopoly illustrated in *figure 2*. A regulator considers 2 alternative price ceilings: p_1 and p_2 .
 - (a) Explain why this is a natural monopoly.
 - (b) Which price ceiling should be imposed to maximize efficiency in this market?
 - (c) Which price ceiling should the regulator impose in order to maximize production, while the monopoly can still be sustainable on its own?





- 3. Production of electricity in a town requires total cost TC = 600 + 10Q and marginal cost MC = 10. The town's demand for electricity is p = 90 2Q.
 - (a) Derive the price, output and profit if the market of electricity is a *monopoly*.
 - (b) Derive the price, output and profit if the market of electricity is a *collusive duopoly*.
 - (c) Derive the price, output and profits if the market of electricity is a *Cournot duopoly*.
 - (d) What kind of industry is this?
 - (e) Derive the price, output and profits if the market of electricity is *regulated* so that p = MC.
 - (f) Derive the price, output and profits if the market of electricity is *regulated* so that p = 30. What kind of regulation is this?
- 4. Olga has the right to choose between two plans: Plan A that awards \$10 to her and \$10 to George; and Plan B that awards \$11 to her and \$1 to George. Explain how a Regulator can eliminate the DWL by taxing the winner from the regulation for \$1 and use it to compensate the other participant.

- 5. MeatMe, a barbecue restaurant, opened next to the Vegan Café. The barbecue smell from MeatMe bothers patrons sitting on the Vegan Café's patio, and the owner anticipates a \$200k loss in profits. While MeatMe could install proper ventilation to eliminate the odor, it sees no direct benefit in doing so.
 - (a) How could this externality be resolved if the cost of the ventilation system exceeds \$200k?
 - (b) How could this externality be resolved if the cost of the ventilation system is less than \$200k?

You are kindly requested to report any *typos, mistakes* or *proposals* for the improvement of this practice set key at <u>kmarinakis@smu.edu.sg</u>.